


Environmental Cleaning Audits


Dr. Michelle Alfa, Diagnostic Services of Manitoba

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Environmental Cleaning Audits:
Do they help reduce the spread of *C.difficile* and AROs in healthcare facilities?



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Overview


- Role of environment in transmission of AROs in healthcare
- Environmental cleaning audits
 - Visible inspection
 - UV marker
 - ATP testing
 - Culture
- Audit feedback to staff
 - how to provide feedback
 - impact of feedback

Infection Transmission:
Environmental role

"A culture report should not dictate the practice of Standard Precautions"
(Bartley et al 2008)

- AROs: VRE, MRSA, ESBLs, *C.difficile*, Acinetobacter spp.
- Improvements in cleaning; reduce all AROs

Healthcare Challenge:
"Bum to Toilet"!!




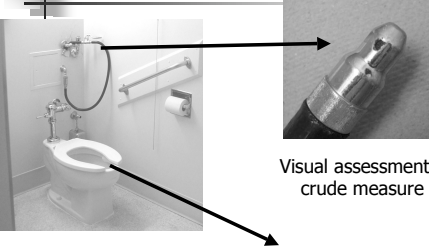
- Shared toilets
 - Multiple patients in same room
 - Two rooms; one toilet
- Inadequate cleaning of one toilet facility may affect many patients!

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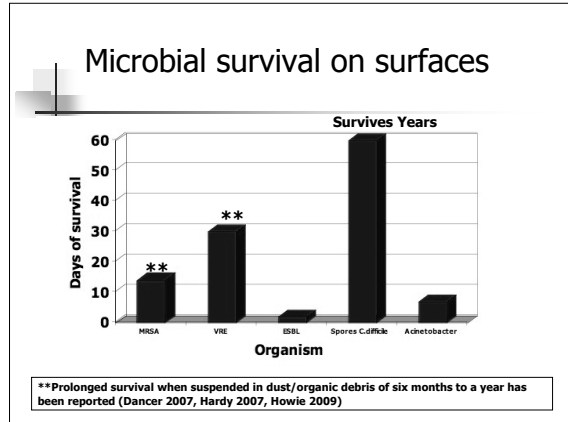
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Is it Clean Enough???

Visual assessment:
crude measure

NEED TO ENSURE SURFACES CLEANED EVEN IF THEY DON'T LOOK VISIBLY DIRTY: **YOU CAN'T SEE THE MICROBES**



Environmental detection: MRSA in Stool of patient with diarrhea


- Bedside rails: 100%
- Blood pressure cuff: 88%
- Television remote: 75%
- Bedside Table: 63%
- Toilets: 63%

} "High-touch sites"

If MRSA (+) but not in stool;
~ 30% environmental contamination

Boyce J Hosp Infect 2007;65:50-54, Dancer Infection.thelancet 2007

Do caregivers acquire MRSA from environment?





42% of 12 nurses contaminated gloves with MRSA by touching objects in room of patients with MRSA in wound or urine

WITHOUT ANY PATIENT CONTACT!

Boyce J Environmental contamination makes an important contribution to hospital infection J Hosp Infect 2007;65:50-54.

Risk of Acquiring ARO from Environment?




- Increased risk of MRSA acquisition if room previously occupied by MRSA (+) patient (Huang et al 2006)


How to Eliminate Chain of Transmission?

ENSURE:

- Environmental cleaning/disinfection
- Hand hygiene

Sounds Easy!! Why isn't it working???




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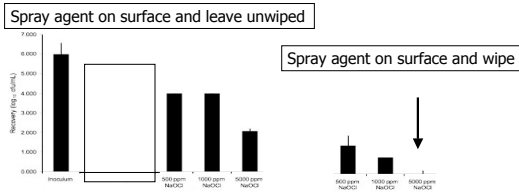
Hand-hygiene and Environmental Cleaning*



- Compliance with Hand-hygiene critical but hard to achieve
- Reducing environmental sources of MRSA, VRE and *C.difficile* does reduce healthcare associated infection* (and reduces colonization):
?how to tell level of cleaning compliance?

* Boyce J Environmental contamination makes an important contribution to hospital infection. J Hosp Infect 2007;65:50-54.

Efficacy of Bleach in presence of organic material [killing of *C.difficile* spores]



The Physical Action of Cleaning is critical NO MATTER WHAT AGENT is used for cleaning/disinfecting

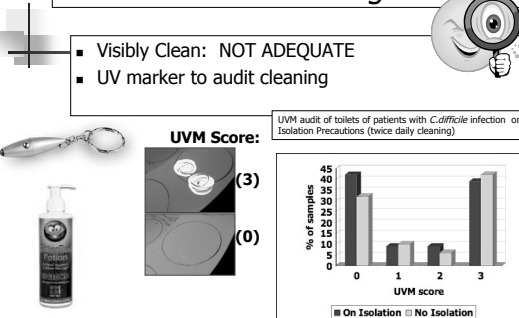
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Audit of Cleaning Compliance

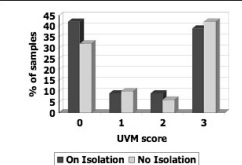
- UV Marker: [shows surface was wiped]**
 - Carling et al 2008: 49% of surfaces clean after "terminal cleaning"
 - Alfa et al 2008: 20 – 50% of toilets clean after routine cleaning
 - Carling 2008: 57.1% of ICU surfaces clean after patient discharge
- ATP: [measure of organic & microbe level]**
 - Cooper: < 500 RLU/cm²
 - Griffith et al 2007: 0 – 14% of surfaces "clean" after routine cleaning
- Viable count: [measure of microbe level]**
 - Dancer 2004: < 5 cfu/cm²
 - Griffith 2007: 50 – 90% of surfaces "clean" after routine cleaning
- Visible Inspection: [does it look clean]**

Environmental Cleaning:

- Visibly Clean: NOT ADEQUATE
- UV marker to audit cleaning




UVM audit of toilets of patients with *C.difficile* infection on Isolation Precautions (twice daily cleaning)



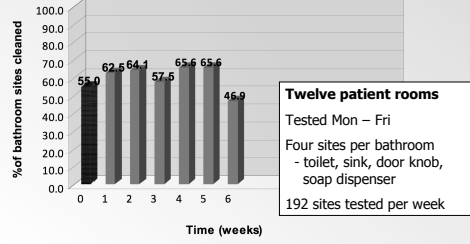
www.brevis.com Alfa et al BMC-Infectious Diseases submitted © Michelle Alfa

Isolation Precautions for CDAD:



- Enhanced frequency of cleaning rooms not achieved
- **Routine cleaning needs to be focus: risk highest prior to implementation of isolation precautions**
- Improve compliance of routine cleaning by UVM audit with feedback to staff
- Defined "cleaned" as score of 0,1, or 2: i.e. any indication of physical wiping

UV Marker Audit: patient bathrooms (not on isolation precautions)



Twelve patient rooms
Tested Mon – Fri
Four sites per bathroom
- toilet, sink, door knob, soap dispenser
192 sites tested per week

- Staff aware of study but do not get any feedback

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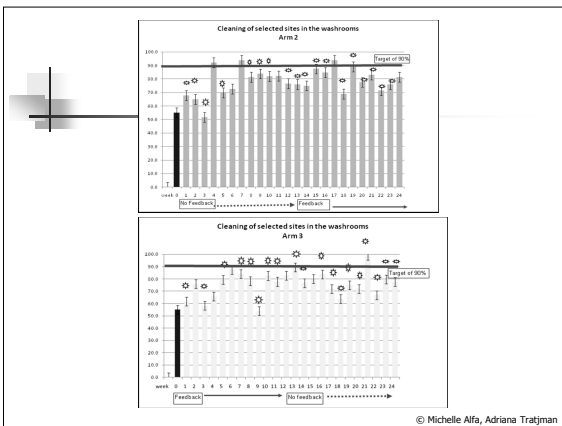
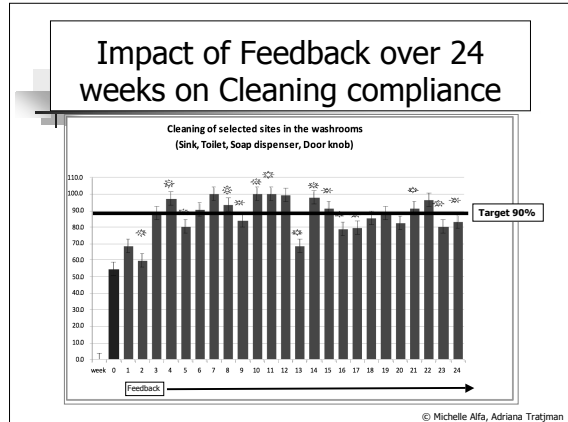
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Discussion with cleaning staff

- What level of cleaning compliance did they think should be achieved?
 - initially they suggested 100%
 - settled on 90%

Impact of Casuals on Cleaning Compliance

* % casuals represents % of hours/wk worked staffed by casuals

	Wk 1-12	Wk 13-24
Arm 1		
≥ 90% compliance	[15.3% casuals]*	[16.9% casuals]
≥ 80% compliance	58.3%	33.3%
Arm 2		
≥ 90% compliance	[28.1% casuals]	[23.9% casuals]
≥ 80% compliance	16.7%	41.7%
Arm 3		
≥ 90% compliance	[38.5% casuals]	[42% casuals]
≥ 80% compliance	0%	25%

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UVM Audit Summary:

Issues:

- Dedicated ward staff → pulled for discharge cleaning
- Visibly clean → may be thought to not need cleaning
- Visitors in room disrupt ability to clean room
- Casual staff ? Adequacy of training?

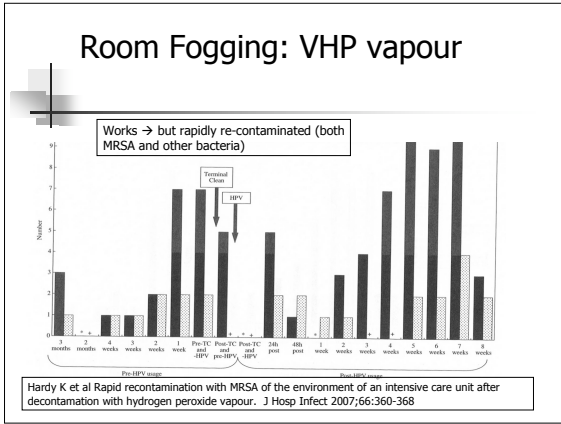
Findings:

- Feedback did improve cleaning compliance
- Cleaning compliance → person specific
- Cleaning compliance → affected by % casual staffing

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Environmental cleaning:

- **Re-contamination from patient etc occurs rapidly; need ongoing & effective environmental cleaning process**
- Whatever product used → **AUDIT** to ensure cleaning is done properly
- Focus cleaning on "High-touch" areas for greatest impact in reducing spread of AROs

SUMMARY



- Visibly clean: **INADEQUATE**
- Cleaning UVM Audit tool helps ensure compliance with physical act of cleaning

Need to provide positive feedback and ensure Environmental Services are part of the Infection Control TEAM!!

*"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure"
Especially in the Battle of the Bugs!!*

Newest Aid for Healthcare??

Along with your hospital-issue gown you will get microfiber slippers!!



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- Methods of Monitoring Hand Hygiene Frequency and Compliance, John Boyce, USA

- Using Social Marketing to Prevent Healthcare-Associated Infection, Hugo Sax, Switzerland

- Why are Noroviruses Such Successful Pathogens in Healthcare Settings, Christine Moe, USA

- Infection Prevention Strategies in the Home Setting, Mary McGoldrick, USA

- Validation of Spatial Ventilation Systems in Healthcare Facilities, Andrew Streitl, USA

- Clostridium difficile: The Sinister Spore Saga, Michelle Alfa, Canada

- Improvement in Healthcare Settings Worldwide, World Health Organization, Switzerland

- Many others ... More topics ... More faculty ... More than ever before!

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