

People and Animals - A Public Health Perspective

Dr. Paul Sockett, Public Health Agency of Canada

A Webber Training Teleclass

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Hosted by Paul Webber
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Animals contribute to Canada's economy

Animals impact us from economic, social and recreational perspectives

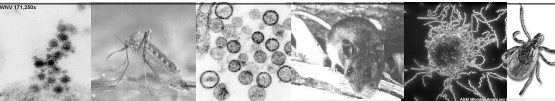
Over 2 million people are employed directly and indirectly in

- livestock farms
- zoos and aquariums
- aquaculture
- parks and nature reserves

Animals, animal products and associated service sectors are significant engines of the regional economy in Canada.

A huge proportion of Canadians have pets in their homes

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Zoonoses in Canada-examples

Anthrax	Tuberculosis*	Babesiosis
Borrelia (Lyme Disease)	Tuleremia	Cryptosporidiosis
Botulism	Vibrio parahaemolyticus	Giardiasis
Brucellosis	Plague*	Tapeworm
Ehrlichiosis	Psittacosis	Toxoplasmosis
Enteric bacterial infections	Q-Fever	Trichinellosis
Leptospirosis	Arboviruses	Systemic mycoses
Listeria	Hantavirus*	
Tetanus*	Rabies*	


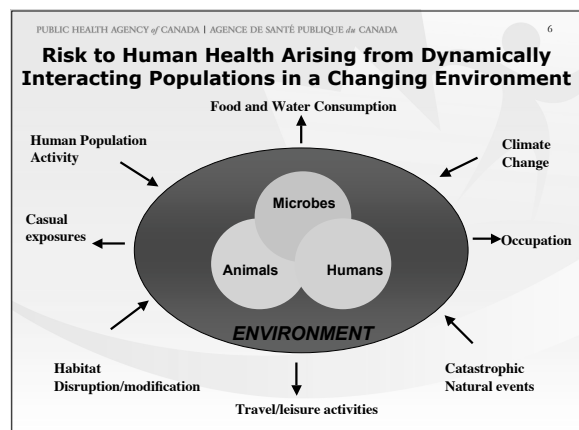
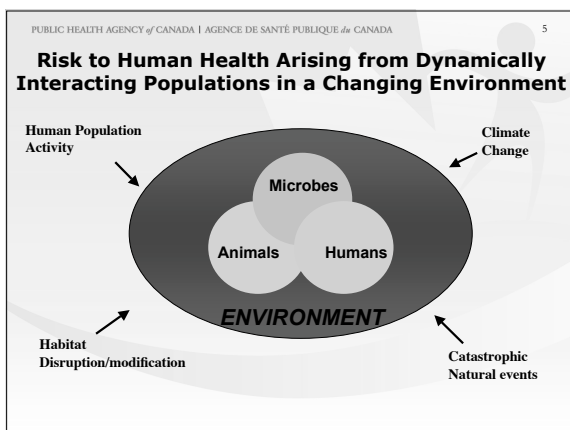
*Nationally notifiable Also notifiable: Yellow Fever; Malaria

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Arboviruses Isolated In Canada

Of over 500 known arboviruses; 19 have been isolated in Canada - including:

- 2 midge-borne (Culicoides) viruses**
 - Blue-tongue; epizootic hemorrhagic disease
- 11 mosquito-borne viruses**
 - Western equine encephalitis; St. Louis encephalitis, West Nile; snowshoe hare & Jamestown Canyon viruses.
- 6 tick-borne viruses**
 - Powassan encephalitis virus; Colorado tick fever virus

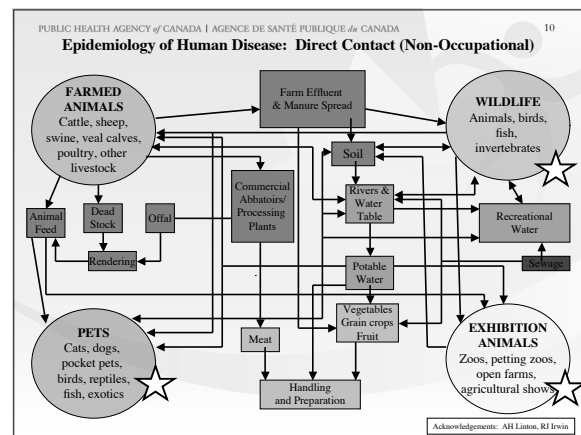
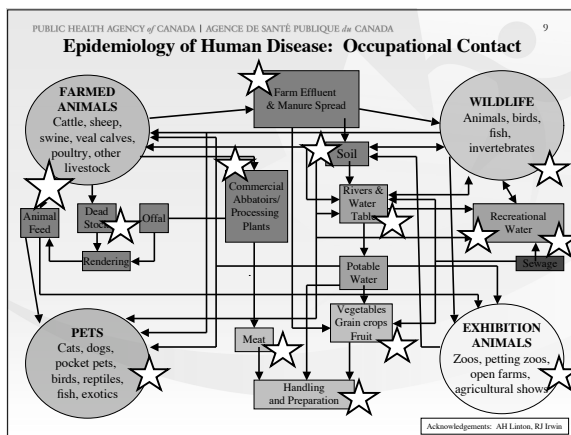
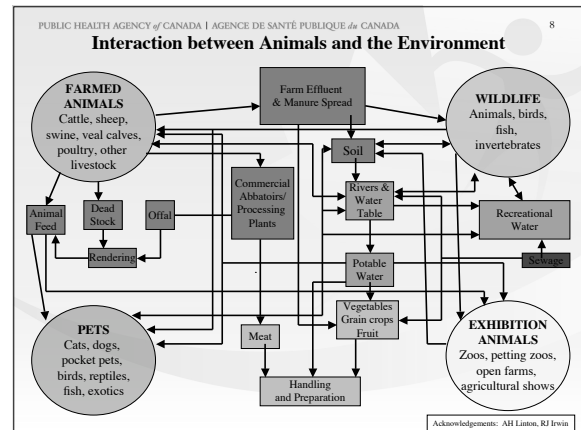
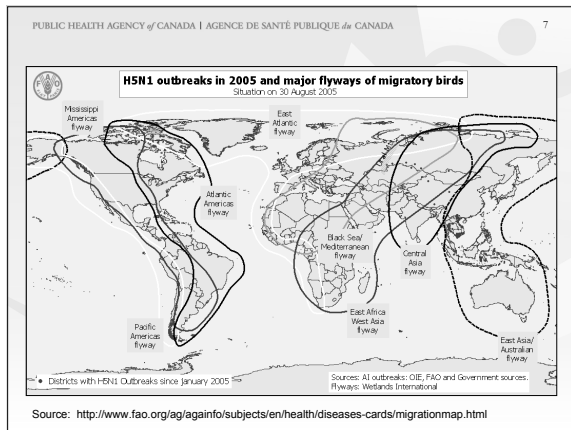



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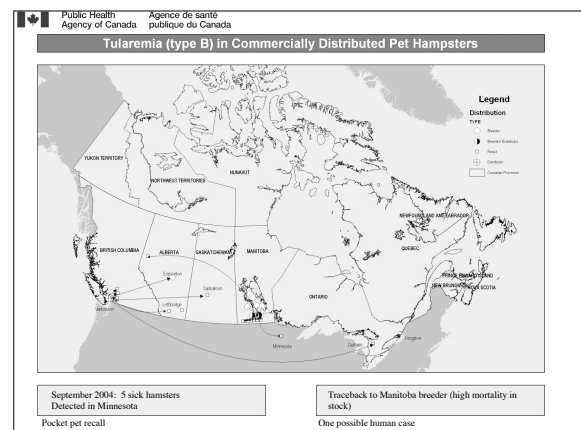
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Dogs, Salmonellas, Pet Treats and Raw Food Diet in Canada

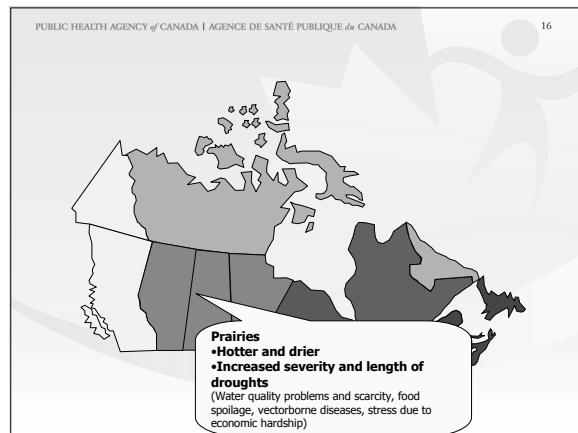
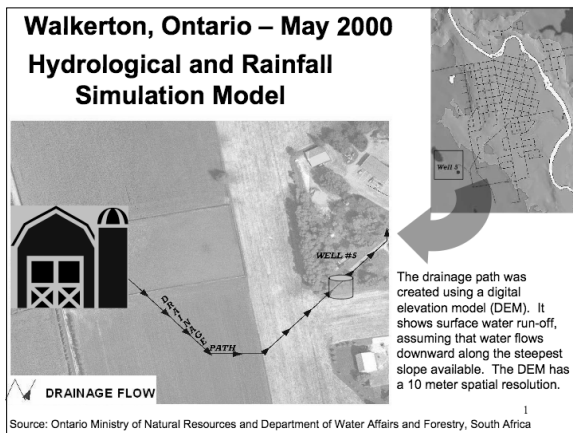
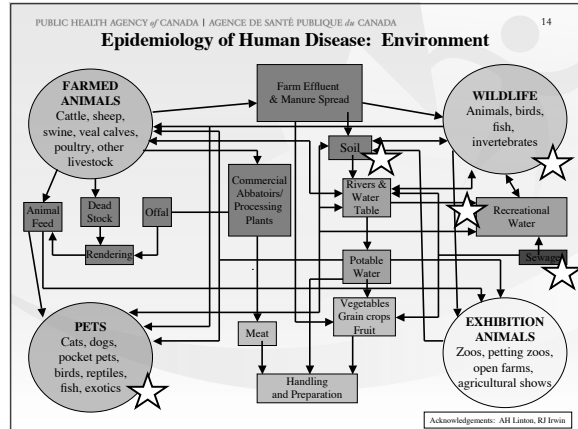
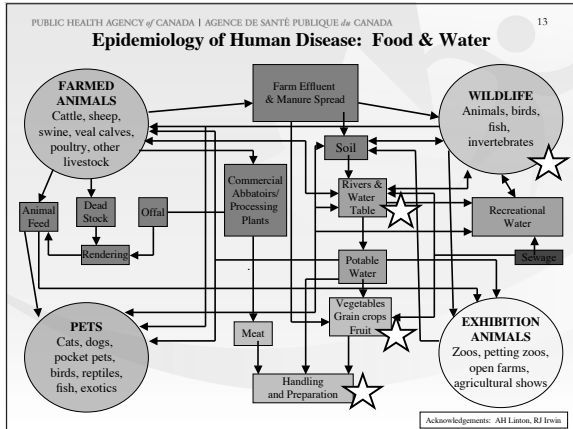
- **3 outbreaks linked to pet treats:**
 - 1999 - S. Infantis (pig ears)
 - 2002 - S. Newport (dried beef patties)
 - 2005 - S. Thompson (beef jerky)
- **Pig ear retail sampling studies (Clarke et al 2001)**
 - Over 50% pet store samples positive (19 serotypes)
- **Raw food diets:**
 - Joffe & Schlessing (2002) 8/10 homemade chicken diets positive
 - Weese et al (2005) 5/25 manufactured RF diets positive (also E. coli 16/25; C. perfringens 5/25)



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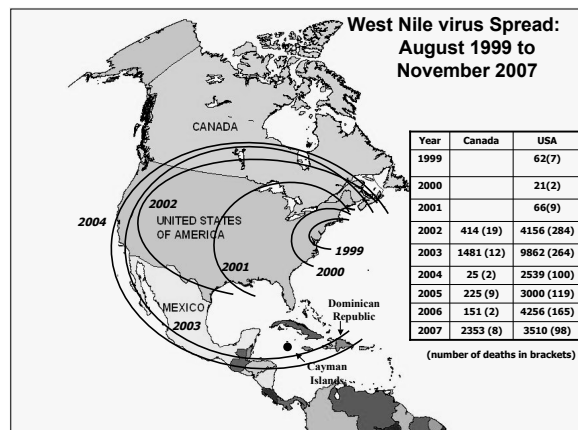
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Impact of Climate Change

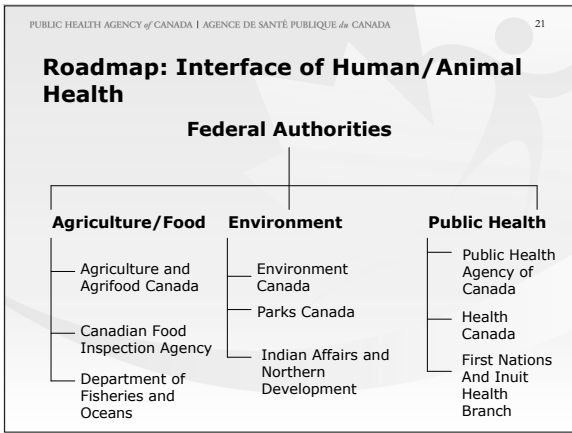
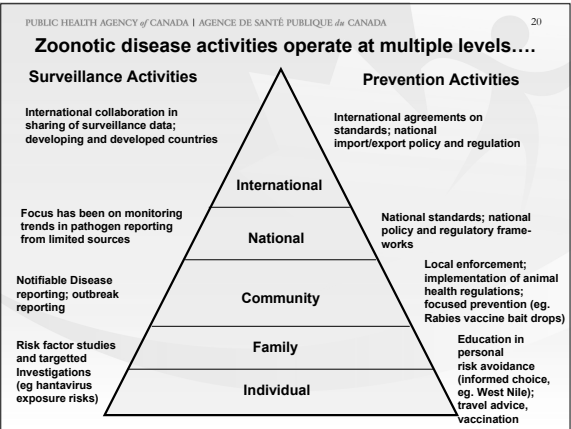
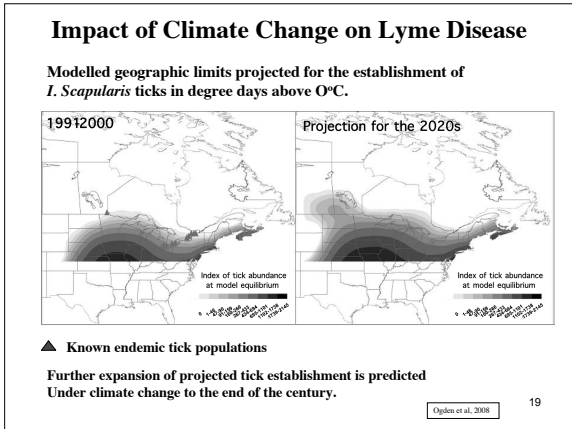
- Climate change will affect the distribution and activity of infectious diseases elsewhere (Dengue, malaria, cholera, ...)
- Climate change may contribute to the emergence of new infectious diseases
- Climate change may facilitate the importation and establishment of diseases and disease vectors into Canada



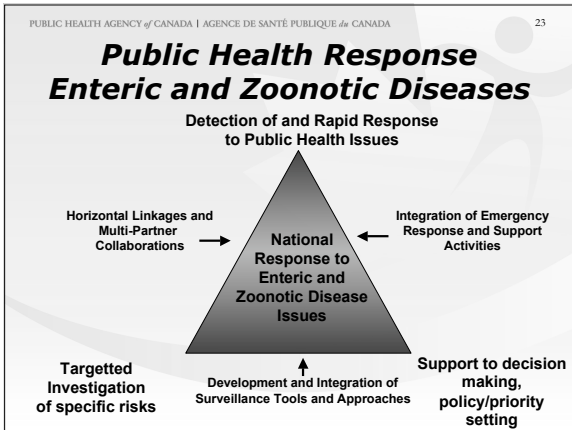
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- ### Roadmap: Interface of Human/Animal Health
- Provincial and Territorial Authorities**
- **Major organizations include:**
 - Agriculture (Lands, Forests, Food, Rural initiatives)
 - Health and Wellness
 - Sustainable Development
 - Aquaculture
 - Natural Resources
 - **Relevant sub-groupings within departmental structures**



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- ### Public Health Response must support...
- Identification of Zoonotic disease issues
 - Evaluation of mitigation strategies
 - Informing science-based assessments
 - Engagement of industry, academia, government in focused research
 - Synthesis of science-based data (via risk analysis approaches) for application to decision-making
 - Development of prevention strategies in both the animal and human sectors

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These in turn require a better understanding of:

- Objectives of surveillance programmes
- Complexity of human-animal-pathogen interactions
- Type, frequency and quality of data obtained
- Analytic products required (interpretation; risk analysis; contextual/integrative approaches)
- Needs of zoonotic diseases specialists (e.g. regulatory community; animal health community, training etc.)
- Needs of animal "industry" (farmed, leisure, companion, wildlife)
 - welfare
 - social
 - economic

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This amounts to a vision presenting new challenges to Public Health...

- Vulnerability assessment of specific populations (a proactive approach to assessing risk and responding to regulatory needs)
- Presentation of information to more demanding clients (public, industry, policy-makers/regulators, academia)
- Response to regulatory priorities and requirements
- Tracing risks through global networks
- Rapid assessment of risk in "Emerging Pathogen" situations

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A new approach to public health risk management

Traditional

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    graph LR
    A[Pathogen emerges] --> B[Disease in Humans]
    B --> C[Recognition & Diagnosis]
    C --> D[Response to epidemic]
    D --> E[Surveillance/control applied in retrospect (= too late?)]
    
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Developing

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    graph LR
    A[Risk assessment] --> B[Risk specification]
    B --> C[Forecasting Prediction]
    B --> D[Surveillance]
    C --> E[Intervention]
    D --> E
    E --> F[Human disease prevention]
    
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Achieving The Vision – effective networks

Effective Surveillance and Response requires the Development of Active Networks at many levels, and defining and linking these networks to integrate and coordinate action

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Achieving the Vision – Critical Success Factors

- **Agreed, common understanding** of Canada's zoonotic disease/emerging pathogens imperatives
- **Development and maintenance** of integrated and collaborative approaches to surveillance and response to achieve common goals (between various sectors)
- **A highly reactive approach** to new Public Health/Animal Health surveillance and response needs
- **Explicit and clear targets** for Public Health/Animal Health issues that are tied to current and possible future risks
- Further development and maintenance of national and international **information sharing and research networks**

THE NEXT FEW TELECLASSES

09 Oct. 08	Elimination of Health Care-Associated Infections: Is it Possible & Can we Afford Not to Try? Speaker: Russell Olmsted, Saint Joseph Mercy Health System
Just added 10 Oct. 08	(FREE South Pacific Teleclass) Rebirth of Public Health & Infection Control Post-SARS Speaker: Dr. Dick Zoutman, Queen's University Broadcast live from the Australian Infection Control Association conference
20 Oct. 08	(South Pacific Teleclass) Biofilms - When Bugs Get Clingy Speaker: Dr. David Hammer, Canterbury District Health Board
23 Oct. 08	Health Care Facility Maintenance for Infection Control Speaker: Andy Strefel, University of Minnesota
30 Oct. 08	LTC - How Maryland Increased ICP Presence in Long Term Care Facilities Speaker: Dr. Brenda Roup, Maryland Department of Health and Mental Health
11 Nov. 08	(British Teleclass) Clostridium difficile - Prevention is Better Than Cure Speaker: Prof Mark Wilcox, University of Leeds

www.webbertraining.com.schedulep1.php